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IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended) A method of controlling return path ingress comprising the steps of:
- (a) automatically detecting information on channel usage to distinguish active sub-bands from inactive sub-bands by performing the steps of:
 - (i) estimating a power spectrum density (PSD) of a return path signal;
 - (ii) correlating the PSD with a set of stored PSDs;
 - (iii) determining a frequency at peak correlation; and
 - (iv) defining the frequency band of step (iii) as an active sub-band;
- (a) (b) detecting the presence of return path ingress in the active sub-band of the return frequency band; and
- (b) (c) mitigating the return path ingress substantially near the subscriber location.



- 2. (currently amended) The method described in claim 1. wherein the detecting of step (a) (b) occurs at the head-end.
- 3. (currently amended) The method as described in claim 1 wherein the detecting of step (a) (b) occurs substantially near the subscriber location.

4. - 7. cancelled

- 8. (currently amended) The method described in claim 1 wherein the detecting of step (a) (b) further comprises the steps of:
- (i) measuring an average return path signal power in the <u>active sub-band of</u> the return frequency band;
 - (ii) comparing the average return path signal power to a detection threshold; and
- (iii) determining the presence of ingress in the <u>active sub-band of</u> the return frequency band based on the result of the comparison.

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- 9. (original) The method described in claim 8 further characterized in that the ingress is declared present when the average power exceeds the detection threshold.
- 10. (currently amended) The method described in claim 1 wherein the mitigating of step (a) (c) is accomplished by attenuating the return path signal.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 10 wherein the attenuation is performed based on a power-level equalization algorithm.
- 12. (currently amended) The method described in claim 1 wherein the mitigating of step (a) (c) is accomplished by isolating the return path signal.

13. - 15. cancelled

- 16. (currently amended) In a cable network environment having a head-end and a subscriber location with return path communication being accomplished in a return frequency band, a method of detecting and mitigating return path ingress, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) retrieving information on channel usage to distinguish active sub-bands from inactive sub-bands, wherein channel usage is detected automatically at a location substantially near the subscriber location by:
 - (i) estimating a power spectrum density of a return path signal;
 - (ii) correlating the PSD with a set of stored PSDs;
 - (iii) determining a frequency at peak correlation; and
 - (iv) determining a frequency sub-band in use;
 - (b) detecting the presence of ingress in active sub-bands of the return path; and
 - (c) mitigating the return path ingress at a location near the subscriber location.

17. - 19. cancelled



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- 20. (currently amended) The method described in claim 16 wherein the active sub-band is in use by an in-home device.
- 21. (currently amended) The method described in claim 16 wherein the active sub-band is in use by a communications gateway.
- 22. (currently amended) In a cable network environment having a head-end and a subscriber location with return path communications being accomplished in a return frequency band, a method of preventing in-home signals from entering an active subband of the return path at a location near the subscriber location, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) determining the active sub-band wherein the active sub-band is in use by a device located near the subscriber location, the determining using the steps of:
 - (i) estimating a power spectrum density of a return path signal;
 - (ii) correlating the PSD with a set of stored PSDs;
 - (iii) determining a frequency at peak correlation; and
 - (iv) determining a frequency sub-band in use;
 - (b) monitoring an in-home signal present in the active sub-band; and
- (c) isolating the in-home signal when the in-home signal is above a predetermined threshold.
- 23. (original) In a cable network environment having a head-end and a subscriber location with return path communications being accomplished in a return frequency band, a method of detecting channel usage at a location near the subscriber location, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) estimating the spectrum of an in-home signal;
 - (b) correlating the spectrum with a set of stored spectra;
- (c) determining a frequency band in use by an in-home device from the result of the correlation.

24. - 37. cancelled